

Review of Clare Valley PWRA WAP, 2009

Overview of hydrological monitoring and data

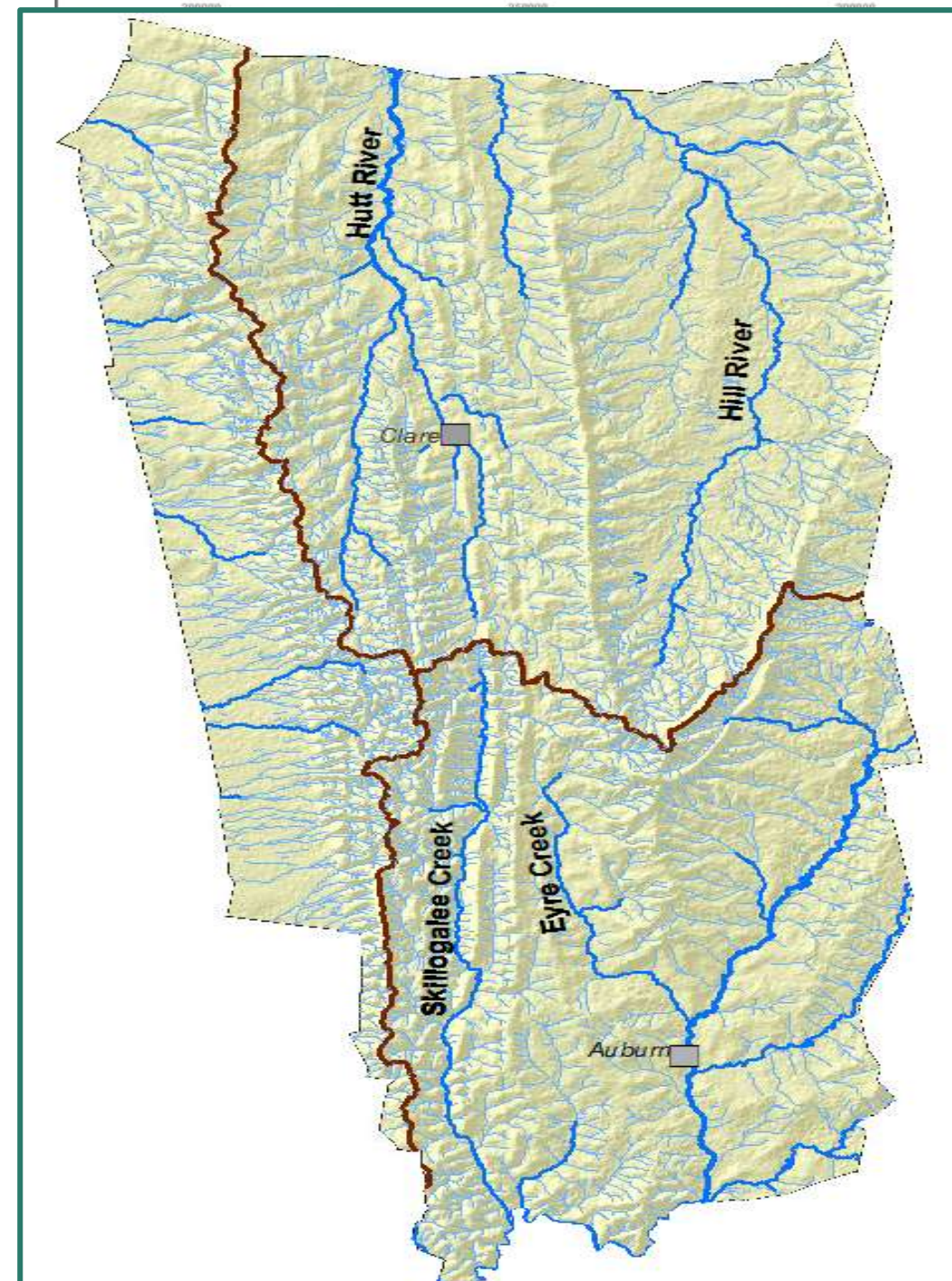
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Government of South Australia
Department for Environment
and Water

PWRA Catchments

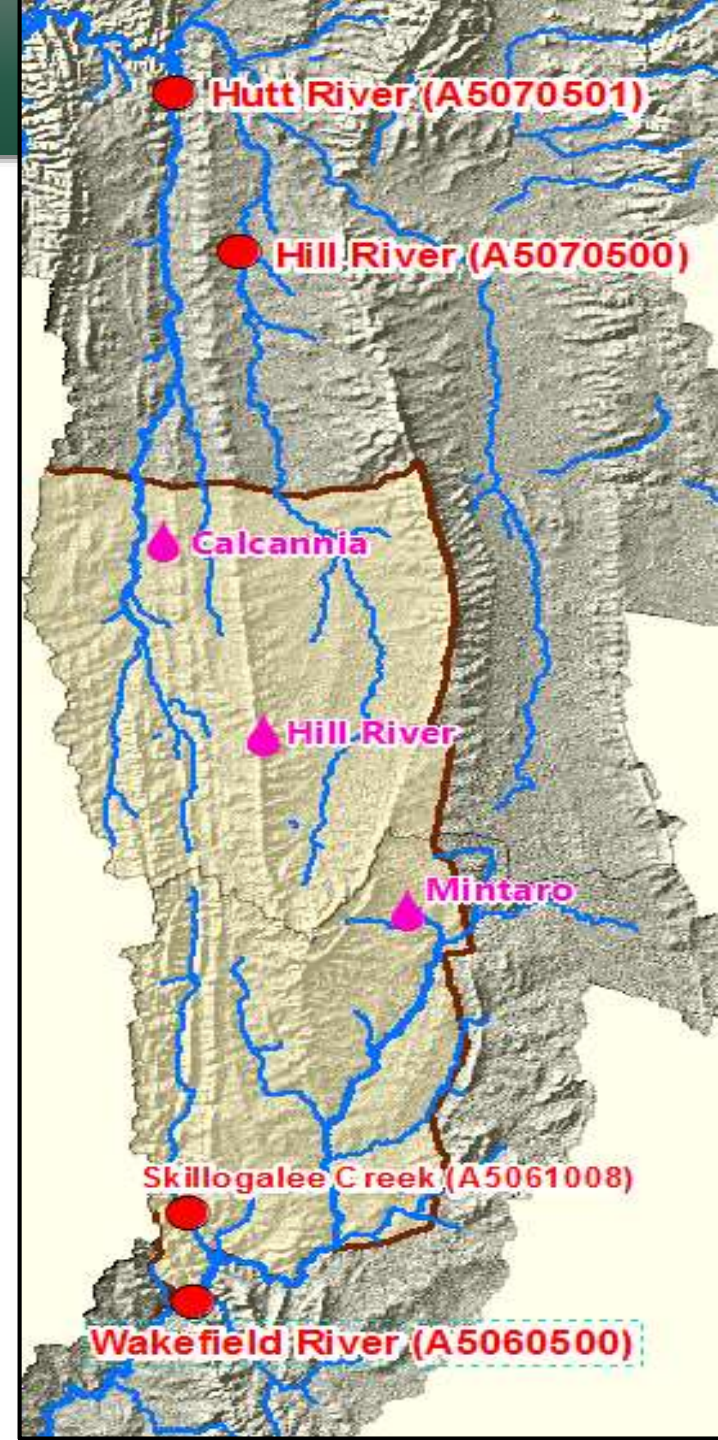
- **Northern half of PWRA**
 - part of the Broughton river catchment, which drains to the Spencer Gulf near Port Pirie.
 - Hill River and Hutt River, both ephemeral stream, drain north.
- **Southern half**
 - part of the Wakefield river catchment draining south to the Gulf St Vincent near Port Wakefield.
- Permanent pools, primarily sustained by GW occur along ephemeral watercourses.



Monitoring sites

Rainfall stations	Long-term average (1970 onwards)
Calcannia (BoM 21075)	540 mm
Hill River (BoM 21025)	630 mm
Mintaro (BoM 21033)	590 mm

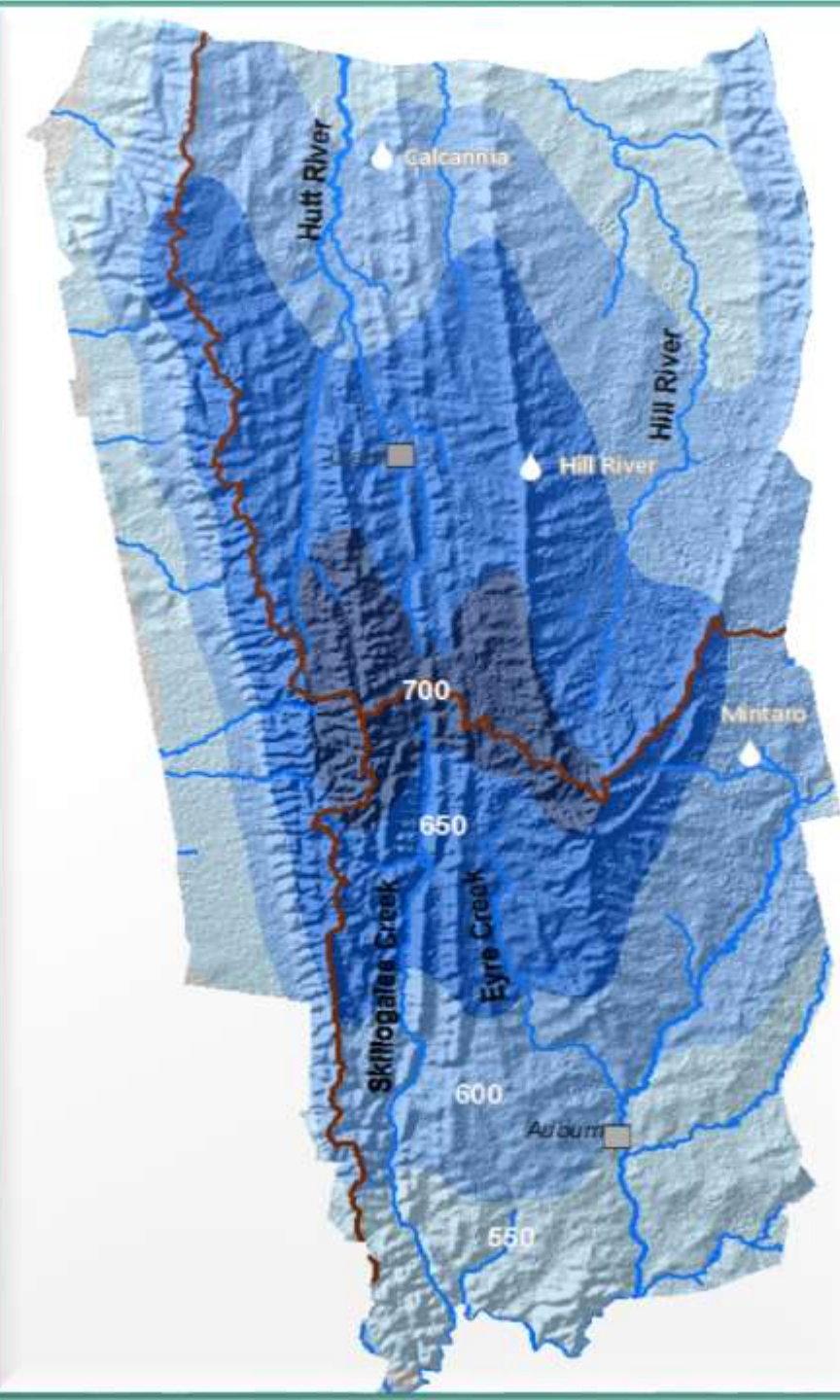
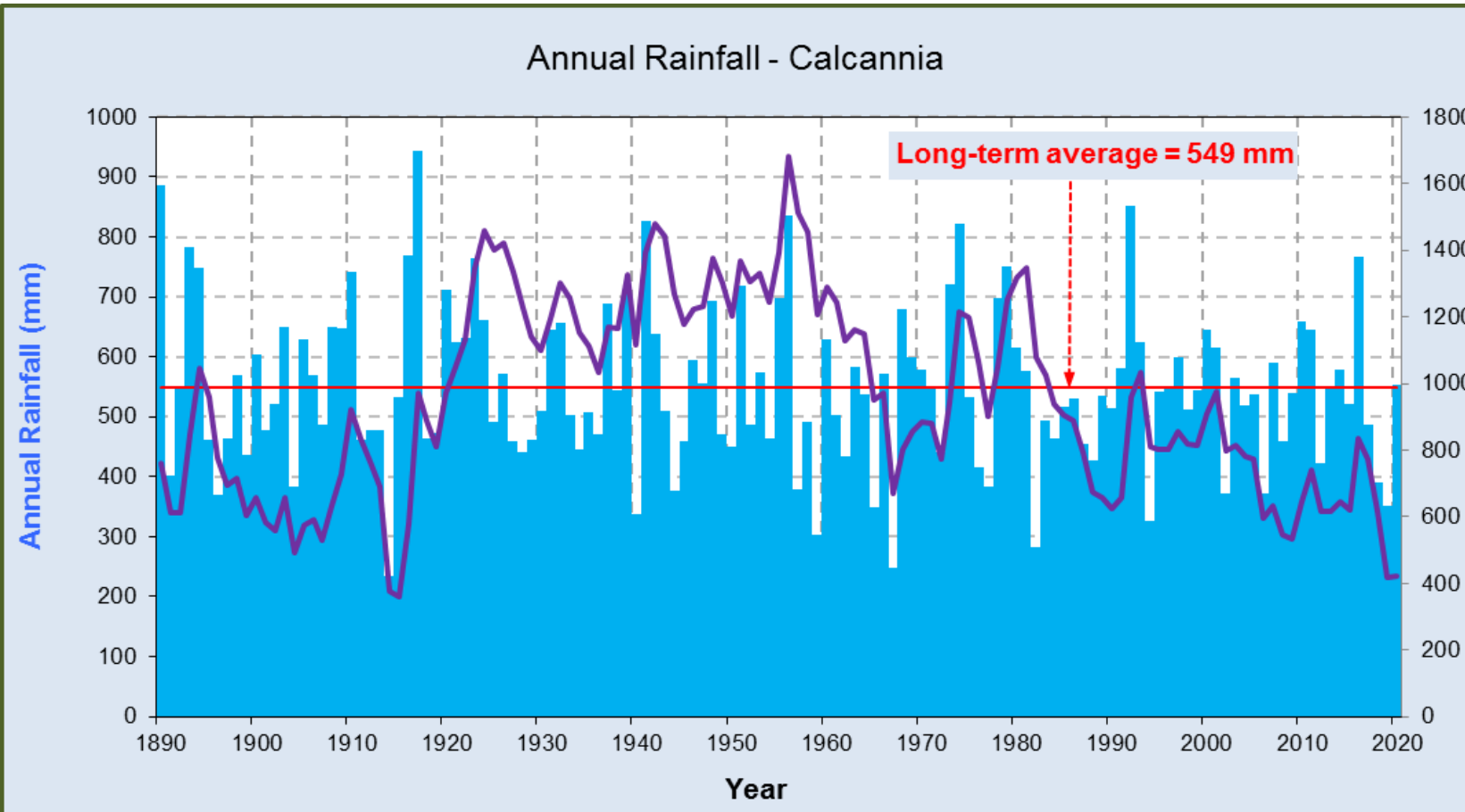
Stream flow stations	Long-term average (1970 onwards)
Hill River (A5070500)	3,820 ML
Hutt River (A5070501)	5,920 ML
Wakefield River (A5060500)	7,700 ML
Skillogalee Creek (A5061008)	New



Rainfall - Calcania

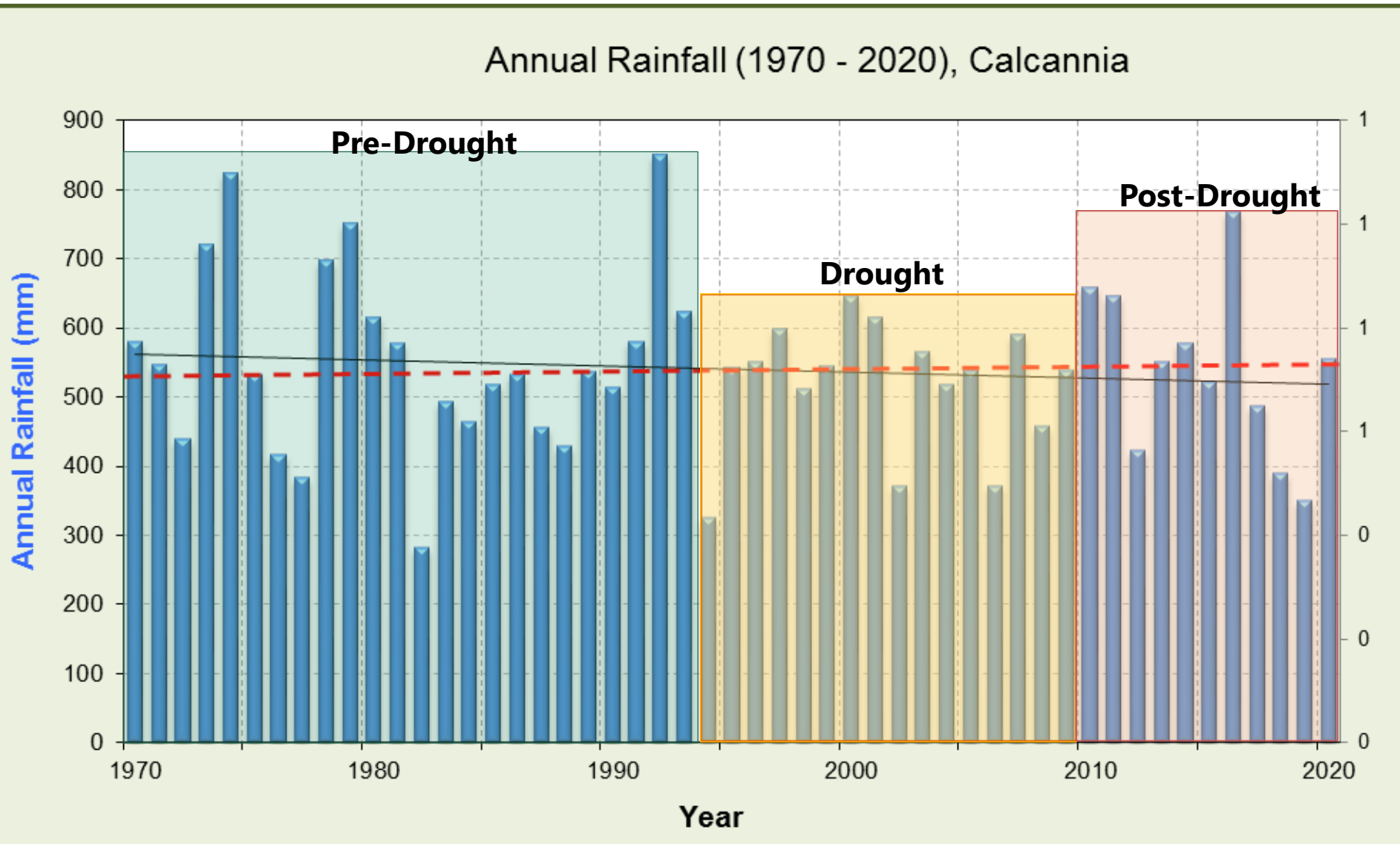
Annual rainfall – long term average

- **700** mm/y in the ridges
To
- **500** mm/y in the north & south



Rainfall (1970 to 2010)

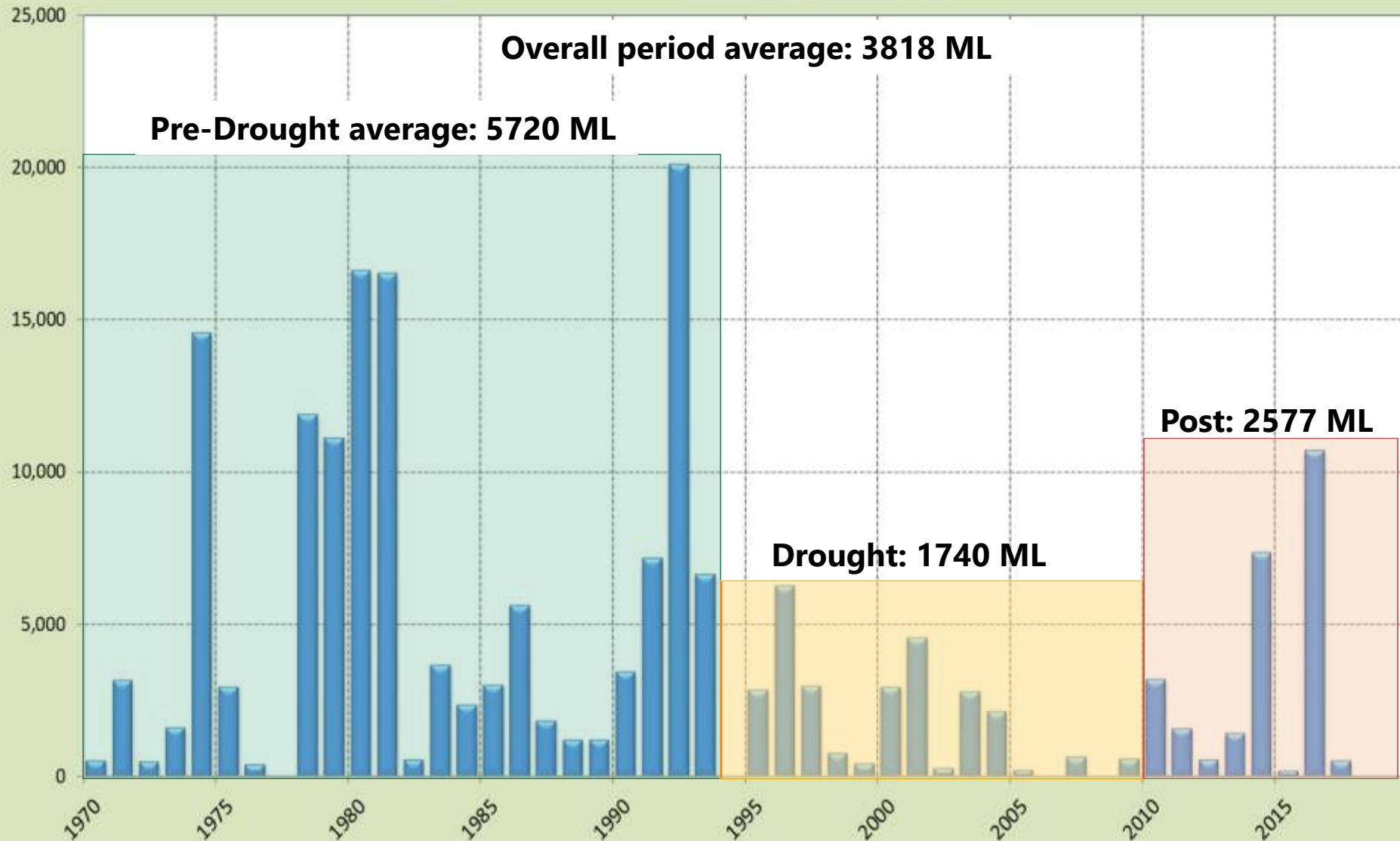
Stream flow data : 1970 onwards; Rainfall chosen for the same period



- **Calcannia:** Long-term average annual rainfall = 552 mm
- Slight **decline** in long-term rainfall trend (1970-2020)
- **Post-drought** (2010 onwards) – Rainfall back to Pre-drought conditions ??
- 2021 rainfall (January-July) = 284.3 mm

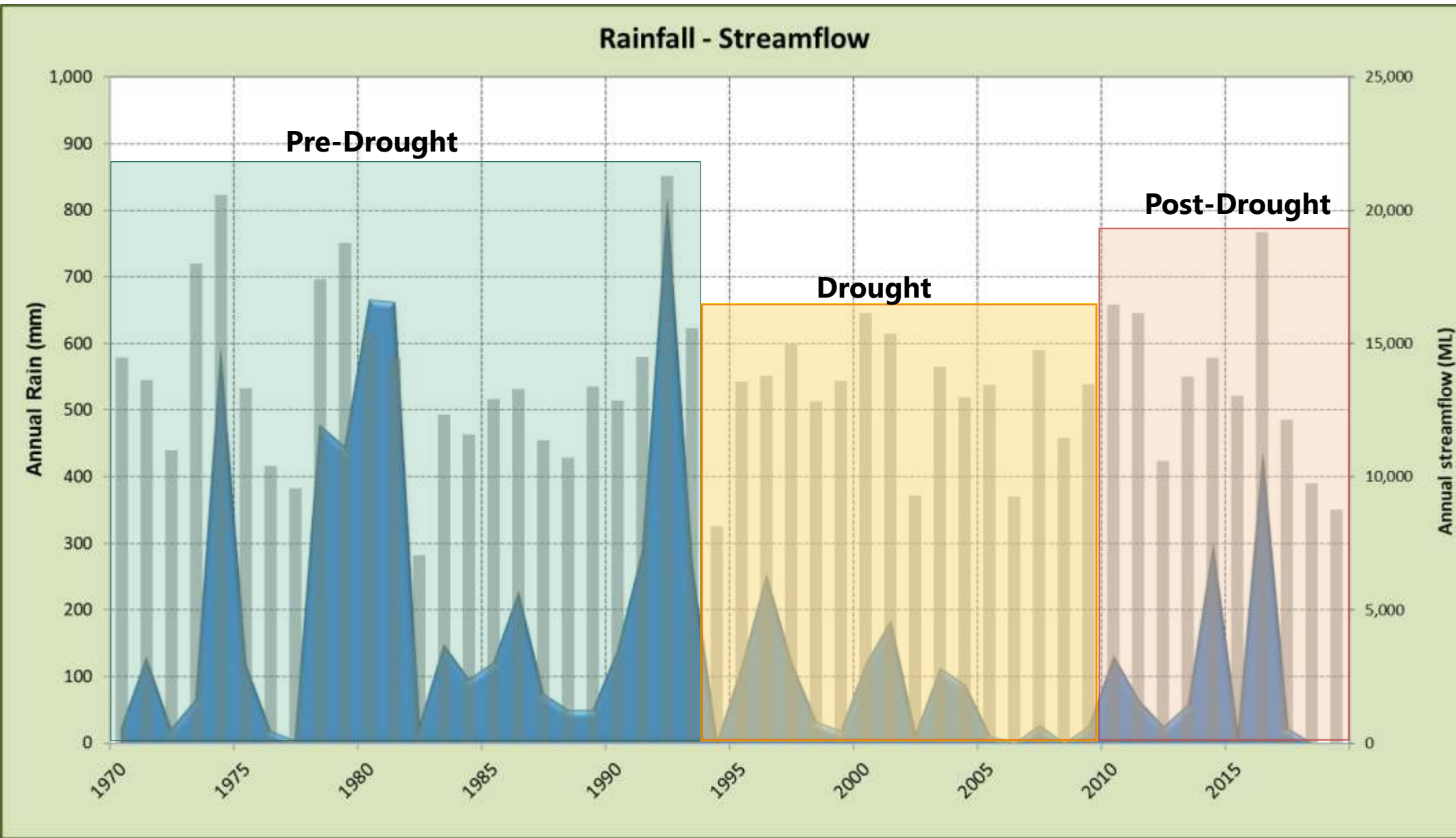
Streamflow – Hill River

Observed Streamflow, Hill River gauging station



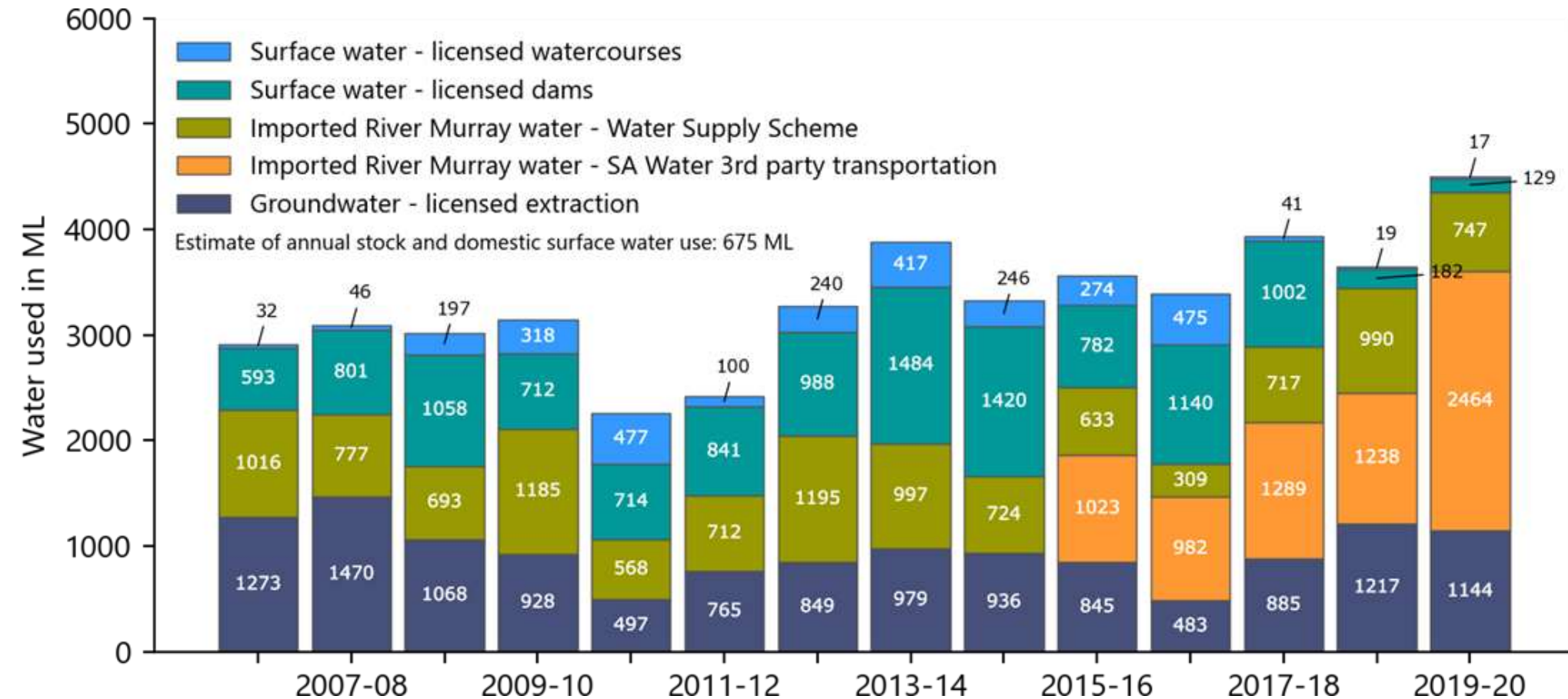
- Monitoring station is located outside the PWRA to the north (A5070500)
- Only 2 (2014 and 2016) of last 15 years had above-average flows.
- Declining trend Long-term average annual streamflow = 3743 ML.
- Pre-Drought: 5721
Drought: 1740 ML
Post-Drought: 2577
Full period: 3818

Rainfall - Streamflow

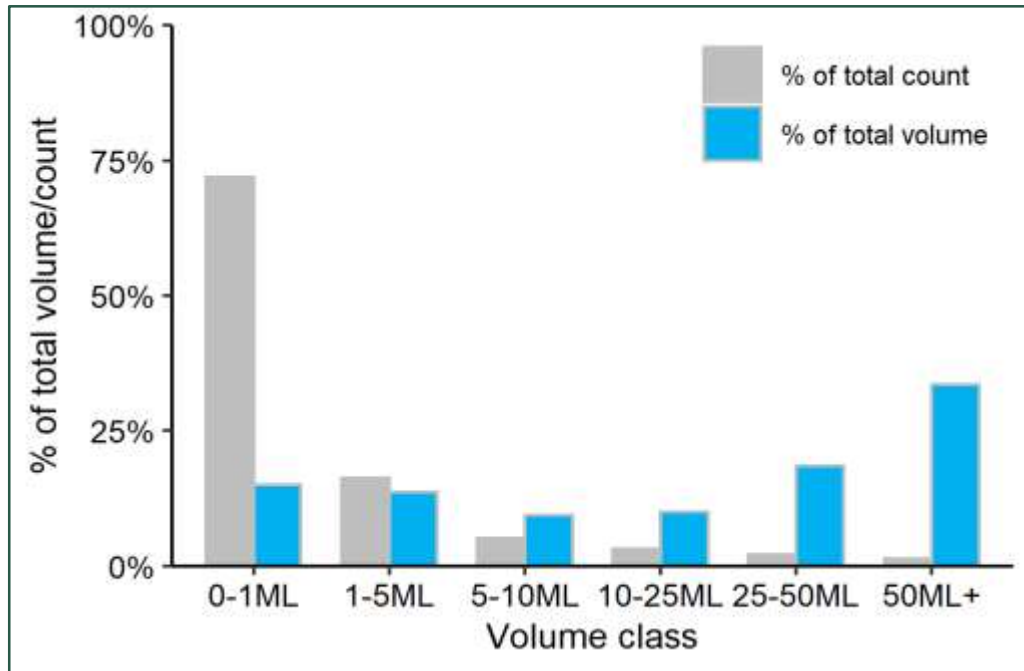


- Has catchment behaviour changed after the drought?
 - Lesser runoff for the same amount of annual rainfall?
 - Rainfall seasonality changed?
 - Higher temp. & higher evap.??

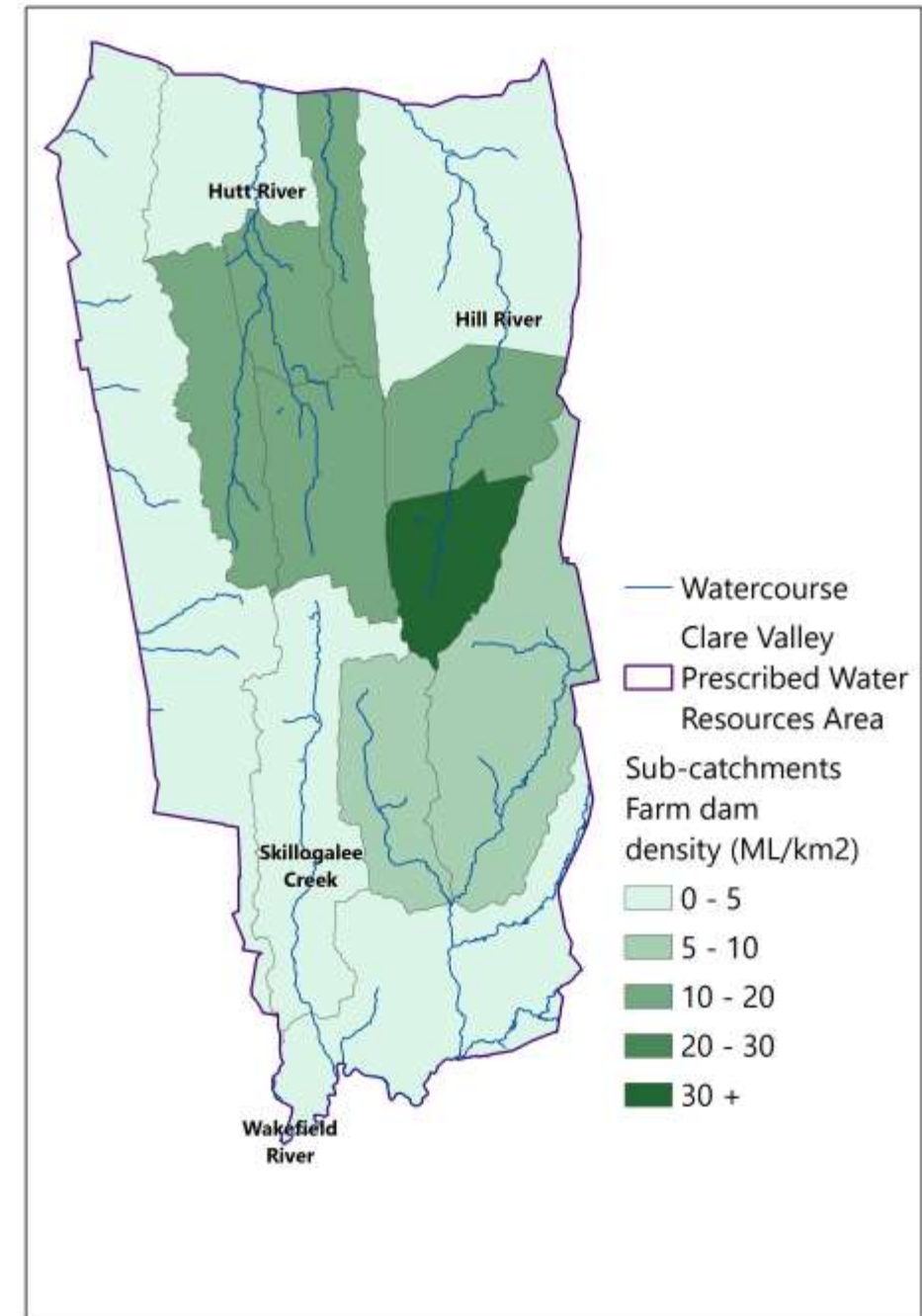
Water Use



Farm dams



- ~ 1560 dams with total capacity of ~ 5,380 ML
- Smaller dams (0-5 ML) - 90% of number but 30% of capacity
- Larger dams (5 ML +) – 10% of number but 70% of capacity



Summary – Surface water

Rainfall:

- Since 1970 (and longer-term), indication of **decreasing** trend in annual rainfall across the PWRA.
- **Post** Millennium-Drought **Drier** than **Pre** Millennium-Drought ??
- Changing Climate, Seasonality !!

Streamflow:

- Since 1970, indication of **decreasing** trend in Hill, Hutt and Wakefield
- Last 15 years: **Above-average** - **2** years (Hill & Hutt) and **3** years (Wakefield)
- Changing Climate, Seasonality & **Step-change in catchment behaviour post MD??**
- **Water use:** Surface water use follows rainfall/streamflow pattern, with drier years recording higher use and vice versa
- **Future investigations:** Any recent changes in seasonal pattern of rainfall, streamflow, salinity and water use to be further investigated.
 - Analysis of recent aerial imagery to look at farm dams.
 - **Step-change in catchment behaviour??**

Data links

- **Rainfall:** Bureau of Meteorology <http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/data/index.shtml?bookmark=136>
- **Streamflow:** Waterconnect <https://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au/Systems/SitePages/Surface%20Water%20Data.aspx>
- **Status reports:** Waterconnect <https://www.waterconnect.sa.gov.au/Systems/GSR/Pages/Default.aspx>
- **Clare Water Allocation Plan, 2009:** <https://www.landscape.sa.gov.au/ny/water/water-allocation-plans/clare-valley-wap>



Thanks....



