The **Wanilla** Ground Water Dependent Ecosystems monitoring site is situated four kilometres east of the Coffin Bay road turn off on Flinders Highway. The site is part of a large remnant patch of Red gum (*Eucalyptus camaldulensis*) Woodland. Amongst the Red gum overstorey and midstorey grows Native apricot (*Pittosporum* sp.), hop-bush (*Dodonaea* sp.), coast beard-heath (*Leucopogon* sp.) and sheoak (*Allocasuarina* spp.).

The Wanilla site is in a Licensed Extraction Area. This means there are a number of users (including SA Water) that hold licenses to use a limited amount of water for drinking water supply and other private commercial purposes. Access to water extraction details can be found on WaterConnect in the relevant 2018 Groundwater level and salinity status report.

There is extraction of water for stock and domestic purposes for which a water licence is not necessary. This extraction is assumed to be low compared to extraction for licensed consumptive purposes.

**Red gum condition**

Tree condition monitoring was undertaken in 2016 and repeated in 2018. In 2016 the average Red gum Condition Index (RCI) score was 0.47. In 2018 the average RCI score was 0.48, showing no change in Red gum condition over this period.
Climate assessment

Statistical analysis of air temperature, rainfall and groundwater depth indicates that this change in condition is likely due to the effects of climate variability. Average annual maximum air temperature at Port Lincoln has increased by 1.2 degrees Celsius between 1962 and 2018.

Graphs on the right show:

- The rainfall trend amounts are in decline since 1993 including from 2016 to 2018. It should be pointed out that we would rather have rainfall data from closer to the site but Big Swamp (6km away) was the closest rainfall station with an appropriate dataset. It must also be noted that it is thought that intense rainfall events maybe more important to Red gum health than changes in annual rainfall. This concept will need further data analysis into the future.
- Groundwater levels at WNL47 have followed seasonal patterns. Large drops in levels at the start of each year are due to this well being next to a production bore. Levels at WNL43 are showing a declining trend.

Monitoring into the future

Tree condition monitoring will continue on a yearly basis. As time goes on more data will identify a trend if there is one. In addition to more data, new monitoring infrastructure was installed at Wanilla in 2019 to improve the site specific accuracy of data collection. Additions include:

- one additional monitoring well
- a water level data-logger at one well
- a rain gauge to measure rainfall intensity and amount.

For more information


Manager – Planning and Engagement

P (08) 8688 3111