



## SUMMARY OF SEB GRANTS

*Updated 23 Feb 2024*

### ABOUT SEB GRANTS

The Native Vegetation Council 'Significant Environmental Benefit' Grants support funding for on-ground conservation works consistent with the requirements for the use of the Native Vegetation Fund under the *Native Vegetation Act 1991*.

The Native Vegetation Fund is derived from payments made by landowners, developers, government agencies and mining companies in lieu of the on-ground offsets that are required for approved clearances of native vegetation in South Australia.

Money paid into the Fund for these purposes must, as far as practicable, be used:

- a) to protect, establish or regenerate native vegetation on land that is within the same region of the State as the relevant land, and that has been selected by the Native Vegetation Council for that purpose after having regard to the Regional Biodiversity Plan or Plans (if any) approved by the Minister that apply within that region; and
- b) to preserve and maintain that vegetation once established or reinstated.

The grants are administered by the Native Vegetation Branch of Department for Environment and Water (DEW) on behalf of the Native Vegetation Council.

### FUNDING AND PROJECTS DELIVERED

Since the introduction of grants in 2009, the Native Vegetation Council has funded 79 projects across SA, with a commitment of \$19.4 million. The grants aim to ensure there is no net loss of biodiversity from approved vegetation clearance. The funds have supported conservation and vegetation restoration activities over 218,202 hectares. Projects have involved a range of activities such as:

- fencing to protect native vegetation from stock grazing
- revegetation
- weed and pest control
- management planning, surveying and monitoring of on-ground works
- stewardship tender programs
- arranging protection of sites through Heritage Agreements or inclusion of sites into the protected areas network
- education and training.

A list of projects by region and cross-regional projects follows.

## Alinytjara Wilurara Region

### **Buffel Grass Control in the Southern AW Region (SEB 2012\_13\_20)<sup>1</sup>**

\$121,676 to the AW NRM Board who managed the cultural and environmental impacts of buffel grass in the Maralinga Tjarutja Lands. Surveys were conducted along the railway corridor from Malbooma to the WA Border and the road into Tallaringa Conservation Park (Antakirinja Matu-Yankunytjatjara Lands) from Coober Pedy. In total 13,130 ha were surveyed and 837 ha treated.

### **Improving Far West and North West SA Landscapes through the Development of a Fire Management Plan (SEB 2009\_10\_13)**

\$492,800 to Department for Environment and Heritage who, in conjunction with indigenous groups, supported the development and implementation of a landscape-scale fire management plan for 18 million hectares that utilised both Aboriginal traditional and contemporary ecological knowledge.

## Adelaide Mount Lofty Region<sup>2</sup>

### **549a Crows Nest Road, Port Elliot – Woodland Revegetation (SEB 2022\_23\_08)**

\$156,000 in principle<sup>3</sup> to T. Jalleh, to reconstruct 18 ha of Pink Gum (*Eucalyptus fasciculosa*) woodland on ex-farmland. The project will protect an existing stand of Pink Gum (Rare in South Australia) and connect other remnant vegetation and a creekline. The site will be protected in perpetuity with a Heritage Agreement.

### **636 Forktree Road, Wattle Flat SA 5203 (SEB 2022\_23\_07)**

\$178,782 in principle<sup>4</sup> to T. and E. Jarvis, to reconstruct 32 ha of a variety of eucalypt woodlands at Wattle Flat. Species-rich native vegetation will be established over land that includes gullies, low lying areas, a range of moderately steep south and west facing slopes and some higher coastal hilltop areas. The site will be protected in perpetuity with a Heritage Agreement.

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<sup>1</sup> The SEB number relates to the financial year that the grant was approved and a project identifier.

<sup>2</sup> The AMLR NRM region was split into Hills and Fleurieu and Green Adelaide Landscape regions in 2020

<sup>3</sup> Project in progress

<sup>4</sup> Project in progress

**Reconstructing poorly conserved and under-represented *Allocasuarina verticillata* Grassy Low Woodland on the low hills of the northern Fleurieu Peninsula (SEB 2022\_23\_05)**

\$334,400 in principle<sup>5</sup> to Planet A Pty Ltd, to reconstruct 45 ha of *Allocasuarina verticillata* Grassy Low Woodland on the heavily cleared sub-coastal low hills of the northern Fleurieu Peninsula. The site will be protected in perpetuity with a Heritage Agreement.

**Hindmarsh Valley Hotspot Restoration Project (SEB 2022\_23\_04)**

\$472,364 in principle<sup>6</sup> to National Parks and Wildlife SA. This 10-year project will improve and expand habitat for critically endangered species and ecological communities in an area known to be a biodiversity hotspot, linking 700 hectares of habitat between Mount Billy CP, Hindmarsh Valley NP and Hindmarsh Falls Council Reserve. The project will protect, improve and/or restore native vegetation communities over 56 hectares of land.

**Kanmantoo Grassy Woodland Revegetation Program (SEB 2022\_23\_02)**

\$1,348,159 in principle<sup>7</sup> to Goolwa to Wellington Local Action Planning Association on behalf of five private landholders in the Kanmantoo area. The project collectively aims to restore 161 hectares of Peppermint Box (*Eucalyptus odorata*) and Drooping Sheoak (*Allocasuarina verticillata*) woodlands through revegetation and improve the condition of 7.58 hectares of Red Gum (*Eucalyptus camaldulensis*) woodland. All sites to be protected in perpetuity via Heritage Agreement.

**Purchase of Deep Creek (Ryan) Property to Realise Significant Environmental Benefit (SEB 2020\_21\_01)**

\$507,000 in principle<sup>8</sup> to DEW who purchased 67 ha of private farmland which was added to Deep Creek Conservation Park. The project protects six vegetation types (one listed as Rare in SA) and part of Tent Rock Creek. The area is habitat for seven nationally threatened species and five state-listed species. Revegetation over 4 ha of previously cleared land will improve habitat area and quality.

**Purchase of Glenburnie Road Property to Realise Significant Environmental Benefit (SEB 2018\_19\_02)**

\$690,000 to DEW who purchased 180 ha of private farmland to increase the size of Para Wirra Conservation Park. The land contains high priority ecosystems such as River Red Gum Grassy Woodland, River Red Gum Riparian Woodland, other Eucalypt woodlands, native grasslands and wetland bogs. The protection and restoration of the area provides specialised habitats for a variety of declining woodland bird species in the Mt Lofty Ranges.

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<sup>5</sup> Project in progress

<sup>6</sup> Project in progress

<sup>7</sup> Project in progress; the project now falls within the Hills and Fleurieu LB Region but its funds are sourced from former SA MDB regional pool of funds (now Murraylands and Riverland LB region)

<sup>8</sup> Project in progress

**Koorngong Parcel Addition to Kaiserstuhl Conservation Park (SEB 2017\_18\_20)**

\$220,000 to DEW who purchased Allotment 102 in FP 34430, Hundred of Moorooroo to increase the size of Kaiserstuhl Conservation Park. The project protects and improves 32 ha of former private farmland. The site contains a premium core of significant habitat within the Mount Lofty Ranges, including significant stands of Silver Banksia Woodland and Drooping Sheoak Grassy Woodland, both of which are listed as threatened plant communities.

**Charleston Conservation Park Addition (SEB 2017\_18\_19)**

\$650,000 to Natural Resources AMLR (DEW) who purchased Section 3942 in the Hundred of Onkaparinga to double the size of Charleston Conservation Park. The project protects and improves 67 ha of former private farmland containing valuable remnants of high-rainfall fertile native grasslands and woodlands that are under-represented in conservation areas.

**Seaford Rail Extension (Noarlunga to Seaford) Vegetation Management Plan (SEB 2011\_12\_32)**

\$284,206 to Urban Biodiversity Unit who revegetated 29 ha of land and controlled environmental weeds over 172 ha of land within the Onkaparinga River Recreation Park and National Park, with the help of over 300 volunteers and community members.

**Building Private Landholder Capacity to Restore Fragmented Landscapes (SEB 2010\_11\_18)**

\$499,015 to Trees For Life who conducted revegetation of 176 hectares on 15 properties in the Rockleigh area, with species and densities tailored to local vegetation communities. Nearly 800 hectares of remnant vegetation was enhanced through prioritized weed control on 22 properties. Seven workshops and 220 training activities on private properties were held to engage, train and support landholders in the restoration of their native vegetation. A bushland condition monitoring program was established on 29 sites.

**Protecting Fleurieu Peninsula Swamps with Exclusion Fencing (SEB 2010\_11\_17)**

\$47,242 to the Conservation Council of SA who protected 35 hectares of the EPBC Act listed Threatened Ecological Community, Fleurieu Peninsula Swamp, over two sites with fencing to exclude stock, preventing pugging damage.

**Threatened flora Recovery in the Mt. Barker area (SEB 2010\_11\_15)**

\$29,760 to the SA Seed Conservation Centre who investigated the distribution, abundance, status and reproduction of threatened flora species in the Mount Barker Council area and collected seeds of specimens for germination trials.

**Improving Biodiversity on Properties Including the Porter Scrub Conservation Park and Cromer Conservation Park (SEB 2010\_11\_13)**

\$347,017 to the Upper Torrens Land Management Project who supported the improvement, rehabilitation, restoration and protection of 100 ha on private holdings adjacent to Cromer and Porter Scrub Conservation Parks.

**Morialta to Coralinga Biolink (SEB 2010\_11\_05)**

\$459,300 to the Friends of Moores Road who supported a coordinated weed and pest control project covering 259 ha of native vegetation on 19 adjoining properties in the Upper Morialta Region. Strategic revegetation (1 ha) was undertaken on degraded areas.

**Restoration of Grey Box Woodland - Waite Conservation Reserve (SEB 2010\_11\_04)**

\$102,377 to the University of Adelaide who carried out restoration actions to protect and enhance 121 ha of grey box woodland at the Waite Conservation Reserve.

**Threatened Ecosystem and Species Recovery in Protected Areas of the Southern Lofty District (SEB 2009\_10\_17)**

\$163,560 to Dept. Environment and Heritage who, with the assistance of volunteers and contractors, carried out targeted weed control across 578 ha to protect high priority threatened species and improve the condition of threatened ecological communities in the Southern Lofty District.

**Protecting Biodiversity Assets through Roadside Environmental Weed Management (SEB 2009\_10\_07)**

\$70,000 to the City of Onkaparinga who controlled environmental weeds on 50 ha of roadsides bordering conservation assets.

**Grassy Woodland Restoration in the Adelaide Landscape (SEB 2008\_09\_01)**

\$69,250 to the Urban Biodiversity Unit who supported restoration over 109 ha at five major targeted project sites – Craighburn Farm, Para Woodland, Onkaparinga National Park, Gawler Buffer East and Gawler Buffer West.

**Restoring Grey Box Woodland to Farm (SEB 2008\_09\_05)**

\$30,000 to Adelaide University to restore 5 ha of Grey Box woodland vegetation at Glenthorne Farm using various trial methods.

**Community Conservation across a Landscape 2009-2011 (SEB 2008\_09\_22)**

\$200,000 to Woodcutters Road Environment Protection Association Inc. who conducted targeted weed control over 125 ha of remnant vegetation in the Mount Lofty ranges and revegetated areas of Silky Tea Tree.

**Threatened Ecosystem and Species Recovery in Protected Areas of the Southern Lofty District (SEB 2008\_09\_12)**

\$35,640 to Dept. Environment and Heritage who implemented recovery strategies from the *Regional Recovery Plan for Threatened Species and Ecological Communities of Adelaide and the Mount Lofty Ranges* through weed control and monitoring within threatened ecological communities over 579 ha of reserves.

## **Eyre Peninsula Region**

**Southern Eyre Hills Priority Vegetation Management (SEB 2012\_13\_05)**

\$143,000 to DEWNR who undertook a landscape assessment and identified priority areas for on-ground action. The project resulted in the federal government listing of the Eyre Peninsula Blue Gum Woodland as an endangered ecological community under the EPBC Act 1999, improving its protection. Various sites were targeted for on-ground vegetation management, totalling 239 ha of which 12 ha was revegetation to buffer and improve connectivity along a priority creekline.

**Sheoak Grassy Woodland Restoration in Lincoln National Park (SEB 2010\_11\_20)**

\$95,750 to DEWNR who managed rabbit and kangaroo grazing pressure over 600 ha and implemented strategic revegetation over 200 ha to restore degraded areas of Lincoln National Park and the adjoining Memory Cove Wilderness Protection Area.

**Sustainable Sheoak: Market Based Conservation in WildEyre (SEB 2010\_11\_08)**

\$518,667 to EP NRM Board who ran a 10-year tender-based stewardship program to assist landholders protect and restore 1,269 ha of threatened Sheoak grassy woodland communities in the WildEyre Region.

**Biodiversity and Habitat Restoration – Charlton Gully Sub Catchment (SEB 2009\_10\_10)**

\$29,613 to Charlton Gully Streamcare Group who restored 25 ha of habitat and wildlife linkages at Charlton Gully.

**Restoration of Sheoak Grassy Woodland in Coffin Bay (SEB 2008\_09\_08)**

\$49,454 to DEWNR who supported the restoration of 1,200 ha of the vulnerable Sheoak Grassy Woodland vegetation community in the Sir Isaac area of the Coffin Bay National Park through weed and pest control and revegetation.

## Kangaroo Island Region

**Threatened Plant Corridor Project (SEB 2013\_14\_08)**

\$21,850 to DEH who re-instated 4 ha of biodiverse revegetation using 116 native species. New populations of two nationally endangered species (*Olearia microdisca* and *Pomaderris halmaturina halmaturina*) were also planted to boost population viability at various sites on Eastern KI. The project's operating area spanned 10 properties and 23 different planting sites. Ten landholders, 113 volunteers and a Green Army team assisted with the restoration.

**Increasing Glossy-black Cockatoo Habitat on Kangaroo Island (SEB 2013\_14\_07)**

\$10,241 to DEWNR who revegetated 8 ha of Drooping Sheoak habitat on Kangaroo Island within 22 ha of degraded remnant vegetation and cleared pasture, involving the planting of 50 locally native species of overstorey, understory and ground stratum species.

**Lower Cygnet Connectivity Project (SEB 2012\_13\_22)**

\$65,934 to DEWNR who re-instated 15 hectares of high quality habitat and directly improved the quality and connectivity of a further 29 ha of important native vegetation. Over 70 species were planted. The project addressed the decline of Kangaroo Island Narrow Leaf Mallee (*Eucalyptus cneorifolia*) communities and created future feeding habitat for the nationally threatened sub-species of Glossy Black Cockatoo.

**Removal of Bridal Creeper - Grassdale Lagoon and Surrounds (SEB 2012\_13\_21)**

\$27,300 to Kangaroo Island Natural Resources who removed outlier populations of Bridal Creeper near to Kelly Hill Conservation Park. Around 1,700 litres of corms were solarised on site, preventing this invasive weed smothering native vegetation and revegetation efforts in and near to the park.

**Habitat Restoration in the Middle River Catchment (SEB 2010\_11\_03)**

\$4,500 to C. Wilson who supported the protection of 9 ha of Glossy Black-cockatoo habitat. A total of 33 species were also planted including 259 of the nationally vulnerable KI endemic *Pultenaea villifera* and 10 of the nationally endangered *Eucalyptus paludicola*.

**Reinstating Habitat for Nationally Threatened Plant Species in the Highly Fragmented Landscape of Kangaroo Island (SEB 2009\_10\_11)**

\$45,300 to DEH who revegetated 20 ha of highly diverse habitat for nationally threatened plant species in the fragmented landscape of Eastern Kangaroo Island.

**Limestone Coast (South East) Regions****Purchase and Restoration of The Marshes and Mt Burr Swamp (SEB 2015\_16\_02)**

\$358,140 to Nature Glenelg Trust who purchased 300 ha of wetlands of conservation significance to protect and restore over the longer term.

**Restoring Agricultural and Biodiversity Services Program (SEB 2013\_14\_03)**

\$69,000 to O'Connor NRM who managed the BuzzBids program, a reverse auction approach to allocate funds for landholders to plant high priority, diverse, protected native vegetation.

**The Strategic Purchase and Restoration of Eaglehawk Waterhole, Bangham (SEB 2013\_14\_01)**

\$350,000 to Nature Glenelg Trust who purchased a 684 ha property for conservation projection and vegetation restoration. In addition to significant areas of Brown Stringybark Woodland and SA Blue Gum Woodland, the property has nationally recognised values such as critically endangered Seasonal Herbaceous Wetlands, and often supports flocks of the endangered South-eastern Red-tailed Black Cockatoo.

**Ex-situ Collection of Threatened Orchids (SEB 2012\_13\_10)**

\$21,970.00 to Botanic Gardens of Adelaide who provided an update on the status for 18 threatened orchid species in the South East. Populations were monitored and seeds collected for 12 target species. The seed bank collection will act as an insurance policy for these species, safeguarding against extinction within their natural habitat.

**Habitat Management and Rehabilitation of Wandilo Forest (SEB 2011\_12\_22)**

\$328,000 to Forestry SA who improved remnant native vegetation condition and established revegetation buffers at strategic sites across 998 ha.

## Murraylands and Riverland Region<sup>9</sup>

### **Monarto Woodlands Restoration (SEB 2021\_22\_02)**

\$500,000 in principle<sup>10</sup> to National Parks and Wildlife Service SA, who in partnership with BioR® and the Murraylands and Riverland Landscape Board aim to restore 50 ha of native woodlands near Monarto and add the land to the protected areas network.

### **Red Gum Revival (SEB 2018\_19\_03 and SEB 2017\_18\_03)**

\$263,470 to Goolwa to Wellington Location Action Planning Association and Eastern Hills & Murray Plains Catchment Group who protected and carried out restoration works to reinstate Red Gum Woodland over 12 ha at three priority locations and scattered paddock trees over 100 ha of farmland.

### **Farmers Protecting and Enhancing Red Gums in Eastern MLR (SEB 2017\_18\_07)**

\$201,349 to Environments by Design to assist various landholders to revegetate a total of 6.6 ha of Red Gum Woodland on private farmland and improve the condition of a further 25 ha of Red Gum Woodland.

### **Restoration within Critical Red-gum Remnants in the Finnis River Catchment (SEB 2017\_18\_01)**

\$270,000 to Goolwa to Wellington Local Action Planning Association who coordinated weed and pest control and revegetation works to improve the condition of 229 ha of Red Gum Woodland and 700 ha of other mixed woodlands containing significant flora.

### **Achieving Significant Environmental Benefit in the Murray Mallee (SEB 2011\_12\_28)**

\$187,550 to the SAMDB NRM Board who began the process of restoring 840 ha of native vegetation in the Murray Mallee to prevent further loss of biodiversity. Rabbit control was conducted over 10,628 ha.

### **Regeneration and Expansion of Native Habitat at Monarto (SEB 2011\_12\_17)**

\$61,400 to the Royal Zoological Society of SA who expanded and connected remnant habitat at Monarto Zoo with 20 ha of revegetation on cleared land.

### **Restoration of Semi-Arid Woodlands –Stage 2 (SEB 2011\_12\_13)**

\$269,587 to the Australian Landscape Trust who worked on the restoration of semi-arid woodlands on Calperum Station. The diversity of plants was improved across 400 ha through selective revegetation and natural regeneration improved through grazing pressure control across 3,000 ha over 5 years.

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<sup>9</sup> Generally incorporates the SA Murray Darling Basin NRM Region as it was prior to the 2020 change to Landscape Boards

<sup>10</sup> Project in progress



**Riverbend Bushbids (Blanchetown – Waikerie) (SEB 2011\_12\_02)**

\$479,277 to the SAMDB NRM Board who ran a tender-based stewardship program. The program resulted in management contracts with landholders to improve the condition of vegetation by 10% across 32 priority sites (5,757 ha with highest biodiversity gains for lowest cost).

**Gerard Willow Removal and Revegetation Project (SEB 2011\_12\_01)**

\$266,900 to the Aboriginal Lands Trust who restored 50 ha of the Murray River frontage at the Gerard site, through willow removal, revegetation and pest control.

**Conserving Threatened flora in the Murray Darling Basin (SEB 2010\_11\_33)**

\$46,452 to the Botanic Gardens of Adelaide who surveyed the South Australian Murray Darling Basin to determine the status of 21 threatened native plant species. Seeds were collected of each species for future revegetation projects.

**Prospect Hill Conservation Cluster Bushland Restoration Project (SEB 2010\_11\_01)**

\$191,150 to the Prospect Hill Bushland Group in conjunction with the Goolwa to Wellington Local Action Planning Association who undertook weed control within 70 ha and other activities for long-term conservation and management of 358 ha of contiguous remnant vegetation, known as the Prospect Hill Conservation Cluster.

**Continuing recovery of Fleurieu Peninsula Swamps and Mount Lofty Ranges Southern Emu Wren in the SA MDB NRM Region (SEB 2009\_10\_05)**

\$88,666 to the Conservation Council of SA who protected and restored nine sites (95 ha) of Fleurieu Peninsula Swamps. Activities included updating management plans, fencing, destocking, targeted weed control and monitoring.

**Worlds End Biodiversity Protection and Restoration Project (SEB 2009\_10\_04)**

\$99,750 to the Regional Council of Goyder and SA Murray Darling Basin NRM Board who protected and managed a section of Burra Creek at World's End Gorge. The area forms an important habitat corridor between two of the largest sections of remnant vegetation in the Burra District.

**Restoring the Natural and Cultural Heritage of the Riverland Ramsar Wetlands (SEB 2009\_10\_01)**

\$95,715 to the Australian Landscape Trust who carried out restoration activities on over more than 1,000 ha of floodplain vegetation on Calperum Station, including 120 ha of plantings and 470 ha of restoration activities such as weed control and erosion management.

**Acquisition of Conservation Land of Significant Temperate Grasslands (SEB 2008\_09\_18)**

\$44,975 to Nature Foundation SA, who purchased 81 ha near Burra and converted it to a reserve ('Tiliqua') to conserve natural Temperate Grasslands and protect the largest remnant population of the threatened Pygmy Bluetongue Lizard (*Tiliqua adelaidensis*).

**Northern Arid Woodlands Biodiversity Stewardship (SEB 2008\_09\_15)**

\$1,072,914 to the SA MDB NRM Board for the Woodland BushBids stewardship tender program. The program established conservation agreements over 5,337 ha (70 sites) of

native vegetation on private land in the northern Murray Plains and the southern Rangelands of the South Australian Murray-Darling Basin. Funds assisted landholders to provide management services to protect and enhance native vegetation and habitat quality.

**Achieving Significant Environmental Benefit for the Woorinen System in the Northern Murray Mallee (SEB 2008\_09\_14)**

\$499,131 to the SA MDB NRM Board who, in conjunction with the Northern Murray Mallee Landscape Restoration Group, conducted trials and works on 803 ha of key vegetation types to improve the habitat values for threatened mallee birds. A valuable guide to restoration and revegetation work in the Woorinen System was also developed.

**Restoration of Semi-Arid Woodlands-Connecting the Mallee to the Floodplain (SEB 2008\_09\_11)**

\$149,148 to the Australian Landscape Trust who conducted vegetation restoration works across 541 ha of semi-arid woodland at Calperum Station; total grazing pressure was managed across 1,972 ha, and control of major infestations of environmental weeds over c.700 ha of the system. In addition, field trials investigating planting methods, guard types, weed control and soil management approaches were implemented.

## **Northern and Yorke Region**

**Langley Land Purchase for Addition to Para Wirra Conservation Park (SEB 2021\_22\_01)**

\$371,000 in principle<sup>11</sup> to DEW and NPWS SA for the purchase of 68 ha of private land to add to Para Wirra Conservation Park. The project aims to protect and improve the condition of at least five vegetation types, two of which are listed as Critically Endangered nationally and two others that are listed as Vulnerable in SA. The area contains at least four plant species that are Rare in SA and provides habitat for declining woodland bird species.

**Minlaton to Minlacowie Woodlands Preservation Project (SEB 2013\_14\_19)**

\$60,000 to Trees For Life who protected 13 ha of remnant vegetation from cattle and sheep grazing, enhanced 195 ha of high quality remnant vegetation through targeted plant and animal pest control, and revegetated 20 ha. Targeted control of African Boxthorn, Bridal Creeper and Veldt Grass was also undertaken across 1,000 ha in the project area.

**Buffering Coastal Systems against Climate Change (SEB 2013\_14\_03)**

\$35,000 to Dhibara Sanctuary Pty Ltd who, as part of a wider five year program, protected and enhanced 65 ha of remnant vegetation (including Mallee Box woodland, a brackish soak and back-barrier salt marshes) and revegetated 62 ha of near-coastal woodlands, shrublands and grasslands, helping to improve and connect remnant patches.

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<sup>11</sup> Project in progress

**Restoration of Peppermint Box Melrose to Wilmington (SEB 2013\_14\_02)**

\$15,453 to District Council of Mt Remarkable who controlled weeds within 25 ha of Peppermint Box grassy woodland vegetation along the rail trail corridor from Melrose to Wilmington. Revegetation was undertaken to enhance species diversity in degraded areas.

**Restoring the Southern Flinders' Grey Box Grassy Woodlands (SEB 2011\_12\_23)**

\$490,419 to Greening Australia who ran a tender-based stewardship program to assist landholders protect and regenerate 1,065 ha of EPBC Act-listed nationally threatened Grey Box grassy woodland communities through best-practice grazing management and other restoration techniques over 10 years. Educational workshops were held and mapping of the distribution and condition of the grey box grassy woodland community over 35,343 ha of the project area was also undertaken.

**Upper Wakefield Catchment Biodiversity Improvement (SEB 2011\_12\_08)**

\$35,758 to the Upper Wakefield Landcare Inc. who rehabilitated and linked 20 ha of priority remnant vegetation and riparian habitats in the Upper Wakefield River catchment.

**Taheny Para Wurlie Basin Rehabilitation Project (SEB 2011\_12\_03)**

\$52,923 to Trees For Life who trialled a method of direct seeding into 21 ha of saline soils as a demonstration site for other landholders interested in revegetating saline areas across Southern Yorke Peninsula.

## **South Australian Arid Lands Region**

**Protecting Mulka (Mulga) Regeneration on Nantawarrina (SEB 2013\_14\_25)**

\$12,000 to Nantawarrina IPA who protected 4 ha of Mulka from stock grazing to promote regeneration.

**Paddocks to Landscapes: A Conservation Incentive for Arid Lands Pastoralists (SEB 2013\_14\_17)**

\$202,000 to Natural Resources SAAL (DEWNR) who undertook a stewardship program which resulted in conservation of 19,400 ha of vegetation containing important habitats on Billa Kalina and Wirraminna stations in return for a stewardship incentive payments.

**Habitat Restoration and Recovery Arkaba Station (SEB 2013\_14\_12; SEB 2015\_16\_01)**

\$29,050 and \$23,430 to Ardeotis Bio Consulting Ltd who managed and monitored the recovery of native vegetation communities, including two nationally threatened species, over 24,300 ha of Arkaba Station following the removal of sheep after 150 years of grazing. Management included control of feral goats, foxes, rabbits and cats.

**Addressing Priority Threats to Native Vegetation on Bon Bon Reserve (SEB 2011\_12\_04)**

\$177,300 to Bush Heritage Australia who managed threats to the key conservation assets on 80,000 ha of Bon Bon Reserve. Works included mapping of 3,252 rabbit warrens and 1,012 rabbit warrens ripped or fumigated. Invasive Buffel Grass was controlled over 1,100 ha. Fire management was undertaken. The works contribute to the overall health and resilience of the Gawler and Stony Plains Bioregions.

**Boolcoommatta Rabbit Control Extension of Funding (SEB 2010\_11\_22)**

\$70,000 to Bush Heritage Australia who undertook extensive rabbit control actions, fumigating/ripping 1,300 rabbit warrens in an ongoing program across priority areas within the 63,000 ha of Boolcoommatta Reserve.

**Native Habitat Improvement by Landholders, Volunteers and Indigenous Youth (SEB 2010\_11\_14)**

\$301,170 to Landscape Partnerships Incorporated who engaged landholders, volunteers and indigenous youth to protect threatened native vegetation through goat, rabbit and fox control activities across 39,125 ha.

**Boolcoommatta Reserve Threatened Species and Community Conservation Management (SEB 2008\_09\_24)**

\$269,700 to Bush Heritage Australia who undertook extensive rabbit control actions, fumigating/ripping 5,500 rabbit warrens in an ongoing program across priority areas within the 63,000 ha of Boolcoommatta Reserve.

**Cross-Regional Projects****Kapunda to Burra Landscape Project (SEB 2013\_14\_14)**

\$290,000 to Natural Resources Northern and Yorke (DEWNR), Greening Australia and the Nature Conservation Society of South Australia who, in partnership, ran the project to protect nationally Critically Endangered Peppermint Box (*Eucalyptus odorata*) Grassy Woodlands and Iron-grass Natural Temperate Grasslands in the N&Y and SA MDB regions. The project resulted in 30 hectares of revegetation and improved management of 2,800 ha of remnant vegetation.

**Buffel Grass Control in Arid Rangelands (SEB 2012\_13\_12)**

\$500,000 to Rural Solutions SA (PIRSA) who, through strategic surveys and response activities, treated a total of 160 ha of buffel grass at high priority sites in the N&Y and SAAL NRM regions. In addition, 400 km of priority roadsides were surveyed and buffel grass controlled. Eleven community engagement activities (270 individuals) educated various sectors of the community in the identification, control, biology/ecology, impacts and best practice management of buffel grass. Five fact sheets were produced.

**Targeting Threats to Biodiversity in the Far West of the East Meets West Nature Links Corridor (SEB 2011\_12\_15)**

\$129,014 to Department of Environment and Natural Resources who surveyed threatened assets and controlled priority weeds in strategic locations over 26,000 hectares within the AW and EP NRM Regions.

**Bush Action Teams: Sustaining Community On-Ground Bushcare (SEB 2011\_12\_07)**

\$247,216 to Trees For Life who supported volunteers to carry out bush regeneration works within the AMLR, Northern and Yorke and SAMDB regions. There were 164 Bush Action Team sessions held over a two-year project period, with 9,776 volunteer hours and 2,904 staff hours of on-ground work completed to protect 4,090 hectares of vegetation.

**Bush for Life Program: Bush Action Teams (SEB 2009\_10\_18)**

\$97,986 to Trees For Life who supported the Bush for Life annual program of Bush Action Teams to undertake bushland regeneration activities. A total of 77 Bush Action Team days were achieved (approximately 5,084 volunteer hours) within the AMLR, Northern and Yorke, and Eyre Peninsula regions.

**Bush for Life Program (SEB 2008\_09\_07)**

\$66,311 to Trees For Life who supported the Bush for Life annual program of supervised group working bees known as Bush Action Teams (BATS) within the AMLR, Northern and Yorke (NY), and Eyre Peninsula (EP) Regions.

**Further information**

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