

NATURE PHOTOGRAPHY

SCAVENGER HUNT

Find and take photographs to fit the categories below. Tick them off as you go!

Categories

Light <input type="checkbox"/>	New growth <input type="checkbox"/>	Lines <input type="checkbox"/>
Pollinators <input type="checkbox"/>	Geometric shapes <input type="checkbox"/>	Smooth <input type="checkbox"/>
Water <input type="checkbox"/>	Your favorite place in nature <input type="checkbox"/>	Clouds <input type="checkbox"/>
Shadows <input type="checkbox"/>	Spikes or spines <input type="checkbox"/>	Rough <input type="checkbox"/>
Colour <input type="checkbox"/>	Animals or birds <input type="checkbox"/>	Symmetry <input type="checkbox"/>

Tips For Nature Photography

- Move quietly through nature
- Respect your environment and be mindful of your surroundings
- Patience is key
- Get close to capture details
- Take lots of photos of the same subject
- Be creative and try new things



OUTSIDE IN
ART, STORIES AND CREATIVITY

Rule of Thirds

Imagine the image is split into thirds, and the focal point or subject of the image is placed along the lines or at the points where they intersect.



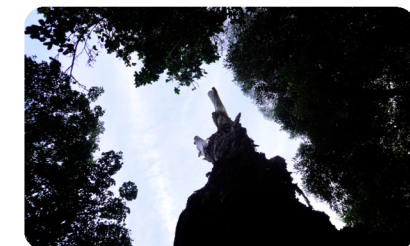
Leading Lines

Using lines to lead the eye to a focal point in the image. Lines can be straight or organic, like the lines of the petals of this flower, leading in to the stamen.



Contrast

Contrast is the different in brightness and darkness in different parts of an image. You can also find contrast in textures.



Texture

Texture can be smooth, rough, fluffy, spikey and many more! Texture can make a photograph more interesting to the viewers.



Perspective

Where you take your photograph from can completely change the photo. Try different angles and points of view for the same subject.

